NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE ARTS

Maribeth McGinley, of California, to be a Member of the National Council on the Arts for a term expiring September 3, 2006.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Sally Stroup, of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary for Postsecondary Education, Department of Education.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now return to legislative session.

NATIONAL INHALANTS AND POISON PREVENTION WEEK

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to Calendar No. 325, S. Res. 206.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 206) designating the week of March 17 through March 23, 2002 as "National Inhalants and Poison Prevention Week."

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution and preamble be agreed to, en bloc; that the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table; and that any statements related to the resolution be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 206) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 206

Whereas according to the National Institute on Drug Abuse, inhalant use ranks third in popularity behind use of alcohol and tobacco for all youths through the eighth grade;

Whereas the over 1,000 products that are being inhaled to get high are legal, inexpensive, and found in nearly every home and corner market;

Whereas using inhalants even once to get high can lead to kidney failure, brain damage, or even death;

Whereas inhalants are considered a gateway drug, one that leads to the use of harder, more deadly drugs; and

Whereas because inhalant use is difficult to detect, the products used are accessible and affordable, and abuse is so common, increased education of young people and their parents regarding the dangers of inhalants is an important step in our Nation's battle against drug abuse: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) designates the week of March 17 through March 23, 2002, as "National Inhalants and Poison Prevention Week";
- (2) encourages parents to learn about the dangers of inhalant abuse and discuss those dangers with their children; and
- (3) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate activities.

NATIONAL CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS DAY

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 326. S. Res. 207.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 207) designating March 31, 2002, and March 31, 2003, as "National Civilian Conservation Corps Day."

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment in the nature of a substitute, with an amendment to the preamble, and an amendment to the title, as follows:

Whereas the Civilian Conservation Corps, commonly known as the CCC, was an independent Federal agency that deserves recognition for its lasting contribution to natural resources conservation and infrastructure improvements on public lands in the United States and for its outstanding success in providing employment and training to thousands of Americans;

Whereas March 31, 2002, is the 69th anniversary of the signing by President Franklin D. Roosevelt of the Emergency Conservation Work Act, a precursor to the Civilian Conservation Corps Act that established the CCC;

Whereas, between 1933 and 1942, the CCC provided employment and vocational training for more than 3,000,000 men, including unemployed youths, more than 250,000 veterans of the Spanish American War and World War I, and more than 80,000 Native Americans in conservation and natural resources development work, defense work on military reservations, and forest protection;

Whereas the CCC coordinated a mobilization of men, material, and transportation on a scale never previously known in time of peace;

Whereas the CCC managed more than 4,500 camps in every State and the then-territories of Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands:

Whereas the CCC left a legacy of natural resources and infrastructure improvements that included planting more than 3,000,000,000 trees, building 46,854 bridges, restoring 3,980 historical structures, developing more than 800 state parks, improving 3,462 beaches, creating 405,037 signs, markers, and monuments, and building 63,256 structures and 8,045 wells and pump houses:

Whereas the benefits of many CCC projects are still enjoyed by Americans today in national and state parks, forests, and other lands, including the National Arboretum in Washington, DC, Bandelier National Monument in New Mexico, Great Smoky Mountains National Park in North Carolina and Tennessee, Yosemite National Park in California, Acadia National Park in Maine, Rocky Mountain National Park in Colorado, and Vicksburg National Military Park in Mississippi;

Whereas the CCC provided a foundation of self-confidence, responsibility, discipline, cooperation, communication, and leadership for its participants through education, training, and hard work, and participants made many lasting friendships in the CCC;

Whereas the CCC demonstrated the commitment of the United States to the conservation of land, water, and natural resources on a national level and to leadership in the world on public conservation efforts; and

Whereas the conservation of the Nation's land, water, and natural resources is still an im-

portant goal of the American people: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) designates March 31, 2002, as "National Civilian Conservation Corps Day"; and

(2) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Amend the title so as to read: "Designating March 31, 2002, as 'National Civilian Conservation Corps Day'."

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the substitute amendment be agreed to, the resolution be agreed to, as amended, the amendment to the preamble be agreed to, the preamble, as amended, be agreed to, the amendment to the title be agreed to, the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to the resolution be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The resolution (S. Res. 207), as amended, was agreed to.

The amendment to the preamble was agreed to.

The preamble, as amended, was agreed to.

The amendment to the title was agreed to.

COMMEMORATING AND ACKNOWL-EDGING THE DEDICATION AND SACRIFICE MADE BY LAW EN-FORCEMENT OFFICERS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to Calendar No. 327, S. Res. 221.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A resolution (S. Res. 221) to commemorate

and acknowledge the dedication and sacrifice made by the men and women who have lost their lives while serving as law enforcement officers.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. LEAHY. Mr. President, I am proud to be an original cosponsor of this resolution to honor our Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers who gave the ultimate sacrifice for our public safety. I commend Senator Campbell for his leadership in submitting Senate Resolution 221, which recognizes May 15, 2002, as Peace Officers Memorial Day, in honor of Federal, State, and local officers killed or disabled in the line of duty.

I want to recognize the other cosponsors of this resolution: Senators Hatch, Biden, Dewine, Cantwell, Allard, Allen, Bingaman, Bunning, Cochran, Gregg, Hutchinson, Rockefeller, and Thomas.

Since my time as a State prosecutor, I have always taken a keen interest in law enforcement in Vermont and around the country. Vermont has the reputation of being one of the safest States in which to live, work and visit,